F-4 Electrical Systems

June 2023

Reference Materials: Note: This exam also contains many hands-on type questions you may not find in any reference material listed below NFPA reference listed below - National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA, (800) 344-3555 or www.nfpa.org

NFPA 1900: Standard for Aircraft Rescue and Firefighting Vehicles, Automotive Fire Apparatus, Wildland Fire Apparatus, and Automotive Ambulances (**NFPA 1901 section**) 2024 edition Chapter 10

NFPA 1910: Standard for the Inspection, Maintenance, Refurbishment, Testing and Retirement of In-Service Emergency Vehicles and Marine Firefighting Vessels (**NFPA 1911 section**) 2024 edition Chapter 3,6,9,14,21,26

Any Heavy Truck Electrical Manual-- Suggestion listed below.

Fundamental Electrical Troubleshooting, by Dan Sullivan 800-227-1603 http://www.esitest.com/182.html or online retailers Any emergency apparatus service and operator manual (OEM)

LEARNING OBJECTIVES FOR THE F-4 EXAM

1. Basic Principles of Electricity-Define or identify:

- a. Principles of electron flow
 - (1) Causes of resistance in circuits
 - (2) Definitions and terms
 - (3) Current flow in parallel circuits
 - (4) Current flow in series circuits
 - (5) Controlling current
 - (6) Spike suppression
- b. Ohms Law as applied to electrical circuits
 - (1) Relationship of volt, amp, resistance
 - (2) Calculating resistance in parallel circuits
 - (3) Units of measure for Ohm's Law
 - (4) Calculating resistance and voltage in series circuits

- c. Principles of electromagnetism
 - (1) How an electromagnet is created
 - (2) Uses of electromagnet
 - (3) Straight conductor vs. coiled conductor
- d. Electrical symbols and schematics
 - (1) Switch & relay symbol & terminal identification
 - (2) General circuit & symbols, i.e. ground, motors, etc
- e. Power Formulas as applied to Electrical circuits
 - 1) Relationship of volts, amps, & watts
 - (2) Calculating power, amp, and voltage requirements
- f. Circuit types
 - (1) Series & parallel
 - (2) Combo series/parallel
 - (3) Shielded Circuits

2. Basic Principles of Operation-Describe or identify:

- a. Function & application of electrical components and accessories
 - (1) relays & diodes
 - (2) switches
 - (3) solenoids
 - (4) interlocks
 - (5) interface
 - (6) inverter & convertors
 - (7) load managers & sequencer
 - (8) electronic throttles
 - (9) ECM/ECU
- b. Function and application of electronic components
 - (1) diodes
 - (2) capacitors
 - (3) resistors
 - (4) lighting-incandescent, halogen, L.E.D.,& strobes
 - (5) data buses
 - (6) multiplexing
 - (7) traffic preemption devices
- c. System requirements and performance evaluation
 - (1) voltage drop, current draw, resistance

- d. Evaluation of wire size, insulation, and circuit protection
 - (1) Fuses and circuit breakers-types
 - (2) insulation ratings
 - (3) wire gauge size
- e. Proper wire repair procedures and proper routing techniques
 - (1) Solder techniques
 - (2) wire termination, terminal & crimping tool
 - (3) wire loom ratings
 - (4) corrosion protections
- f. Equipment and component protection
 - (1) welding precautions
 - (2) spike protections
 - (3) static discharge
- g. Function, operation, & testing of gauges & warning devices
 - (1) ammeters, voltmeters
 - (2) gauges
 - (3) Temperature gauge
 - (a) instrument voltage regulators
 - (4) electric speedometers & tachometer

3. Basic Use of Diagnostic Equipment/Tools

- a. Describe diagnostic equipment used to measure voltage, current, resistance & impedance
 - (1) Interpretation of oscilloscopes
 - (2) Proper diagnostic equipment/meter connections
 - (a) Voltmeter
 - (b) Ammeter
 - (c) Ohmmeter

- b. Evaluate quality and application of diagnostic equipment
 - (1) Applications of DVOM(DMM)
 - (2) Applications of load testers
 - (3) Applications of analog meters(4) Diagnostic equipment usage
 - (a) Testing diodes
 - (5) Inductive ammeters
 - (6) Meter Impedance

4. Vehicle Batteries-Describe or Identify:

- a. Battery construction and performance
 - Safety-jump starting
 - (2) Components
 - (a) spark arrester
 - (3) Purpose-types-construction
 - (a) lead-acid
 - (4) Define a battery
 - (5) Causes of battery failure
- b. How to evaluate battery requirements
 - (1) Reserve capacity(2) C.C.A/C.A.

- (a) Battery cold cranking rating
- (3) BCI group identification
- (4) Operating temperature
- (5) Battery pack combinationsc. Proper battery maintenance procedures
 - (1) Types of chargers
 - (2) Charging rates
 - (3) Battery maintenance

Continued

d. Proper battery testing procedures Replacement Load Testing (2)(3)Conductivity testing (4) Define surface charge (5) Determine state of charge w/DMM 5. Starting Systems -- Understand the construction and operation of starting system components c. Identify proper repair procedures a. Describe starting system construction and operation Circuit component Connections (1) Mechanical components (2)(2)Solenoid switch contact (a) Starter solenoid (3)Starter interlock system Preventing starter motor over-speed (3)(4) Armatures (4) Field winding types (5)Pull in & hold in coils Proper cranking system & component testing procedure Wiring and connections (1)Mechanical components/drive pinions (2)(3) Current draw (4) Slow cranking engine (a) Voltage drop (5)Starter activation circuits Charging Systems--Understand construction and operation of the charging system and components a. Alternator construction and operation Regulator adjustment procedure (7)Function of components Belt tension and wrap (a) Alternator capacitor (8)Maintenance Free vs. Low Maintenance batteries (b) Voltage regulator (a) charge voltage (2) Alternator output/operation c. Proper repair procedures (3) Alternator Design Component failures (1) (4) Component recognition (2) Replacement of regulators and remote rectifier (a) Stator (3) Alternator failures (5)Drive requirements d. Evaluate charging system requirements Noise suppression Load analysis (6)b. Alternator & Regulator diagnosis and testing (2) Cable size Unit testing Set output requirements (1) Component testing (2)(3) On vehicle/off vehicle testing (a) Undercharge/overcharge condition Battery isolator/isolated systems (5)Mounting hardware 7. Troubleshooting --Understand accepted practices used to diagnose and repair electrical circuits. c. Tools and equipment (1) Interpretation of functional drawing reading (1) DVOM/DMM (2) Circuit wiring/connection (2) Induction meters (3) Current draw (3) load tests

- a. Analyzing results
- b. Components
 - (1) Relays/solenoids
 - (2) Interlocks & Interfaces
 - (3) Switches & proximity
 - (4) Load managers
 - (5) Sequencer
 - (6) Proper ground connections
 - (7) Terminals
 - (8) Gauges
- 8. NFPA 1911
 - a. Low Voltage Electrical Systems
 - (1) Inspection and Maintenance
 - (a) Automatic electrical load management systems
 - (2) Performance Testing
 - (a) Battery testing
 - (b) Alternator testing
 - (I) Parameters
 - (II) Electrical load
 - (c) Total continuous electrical load test
 - (I) Load Shedding
 - (d) Solenoid and Relay Test
 - (I) Voltage drop maximum
 - (e) Conductivity Test
 - (f) Starter wiring test
 - (g) Regulator test

- d. Diagnostic tests
 - (1) Voltage drop

- (h) Voltage Drop Spec's
- (i) Lighting Tests
- (j) On Board Battery Charger/Conditioner Test
- (3) Out of Service Criteria
- b. Line Voltage Electrical Systems
 - (1) Inspection and Maintenance
 - (2) Performance Testing
 - (3) Out of Service Criteria
 - (4) Power Source Testing
 - (a) Receptacle wiring